

Penalized likelihood estimation and inference in high-dimensional logistic regression

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In recent years, there has been a surge of interest in estimators and inferential procedures that exhibit optimal asymptotic properties in high-dimensional logistic regression when the number of covariates grows proportionally as a fraction (κ in $(0,1)$) of the number of observations. We focus on the behaviour of a class of maximum penalized likelihood estimators, employing the Diaconis-Ylvisaker prior as the penalty.

Building on advancements in approximate message passing, we analyze the aggregate asymptotic behaviour of these estimators when covariates are normal random variables with arbitrary covariance. This analysis enables us to eliminate the persistent asymptotic bias, in an aggregate sense, of the estimators through straightforward rescaling for any value of the prior hypertuning parameter. Moreover, we derive asymptotic pivots for constructing inferences, including adjusted Z-statistics and penalized likelihood ratio statistics.

Unlike the maximum likelihood estimate, which only asymptotically exists in a limited region on the plane of κ versus signal strength, the maximum penalized likelihood estimate always exists and is directly computable via maximum likelihood routines. As a result, our asymptotic results remain valid even in regions where existing maximum likelihood results are not obtainable, with no overhead in implementation or computation.

The estimators' dependency on the prior hyperparameter facilitates the derivation of estimators with zero asymptotic bias and minimal mean squared error. We explore these estimators' shrinkage properties, substantiate our theoretical findings with simulations and applications, and present evidence for conjectures with different penalties, such as Jeffreys' prior and non-normal covariate distributions.

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